

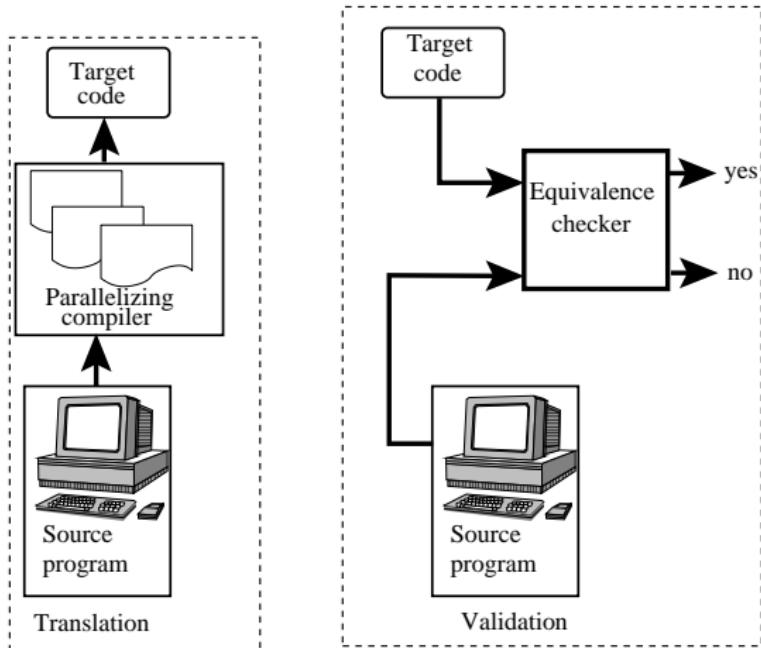
# Translation Validation of Loop involving Code Optimizing Transformations using Petri Net based Models of Programs (Work in Progress)

**Soumyadip Bandyopadhyay, Rakshit Mittal, Rochishnu Banerjee**

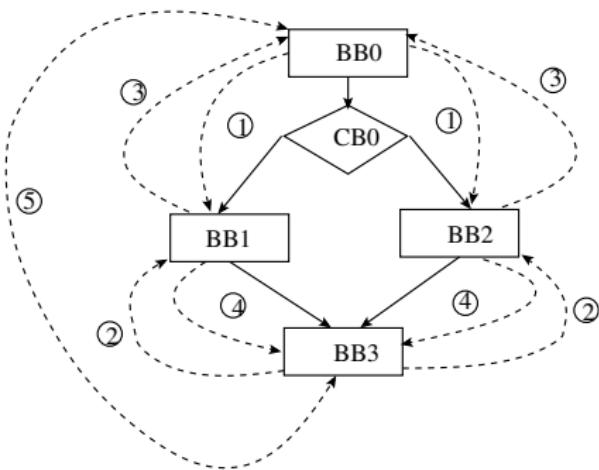
BITS Pilani K K Birla Goa Campus, India  
Telecom Paris, France



# Overview



## Related work



- (1) Duplicating Down, (2) Duplicating up, (3) Boosting up, (4) Boosting down, (5) Useful move. <sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>ACM Computing Survey 1990; Becon et. al.

# Related work

- **Bisimulation-Based Methods**

- First proposed by Amir Pnueli [TACAS 1998]
- Enhanced by Necula et. al. [PLDI-2000]  
and Rinard et. al. [Technical Report MIT 2000]
- Modified by Kundu et. al. [CAV 2008]

- **Inductive Inference based Methods**

- Matthias et. al. [ASE-2014]

- **Path based Methods**

- Karfa et. al. verify transformations carried out by SPARK; where the control structure of program is altered [TCAD-2012]
- Modified by Banerjee et. al. [TCAD-2014]
- Further modified by Chouksey et. al. [TCAD 2019]

- **Coq-Prove the correctness**



# Related work

```
int i = 1, j = 1;  
int k;  
  
while ( i*7 <=100)  
{  
    i++ ;  
}  
  
while ((j+1)*11 <=100)  
{  
    j++;  
}  
  
k = i+j;
```

(a)

```
int i = 1, j = 1;  
int k;  
  
while ((j+1)*11 <=100)  
{  
    j++;  
}  
  
while ( i*7 <=100)  
{  
    i++ ;  
}  
  
k = i+j;
```

(b)

```
int i = 1, j ;  
int k;  
j = i;  
#parbegin  
while ( i*7 <=100)  
{  
    i++ ;  
}  
|| while ( (j+1)*11 <=100)  
{  
    j++;  
}  
#parend  
k = i+j;
```

(c)

- Loop swapping
- Thread level parallelizing transformations <sup>2</sup>



# Observation

- Bandyopadhyay et. al [ATVA 2017, Acta informatica 2019] handles the above transformations.
- Major limitations and disadvantages
  - Huge Model size
  - Correctness of Model Constructor is not proved
  - Cannot handle loop involving Code Optimizing Transformations



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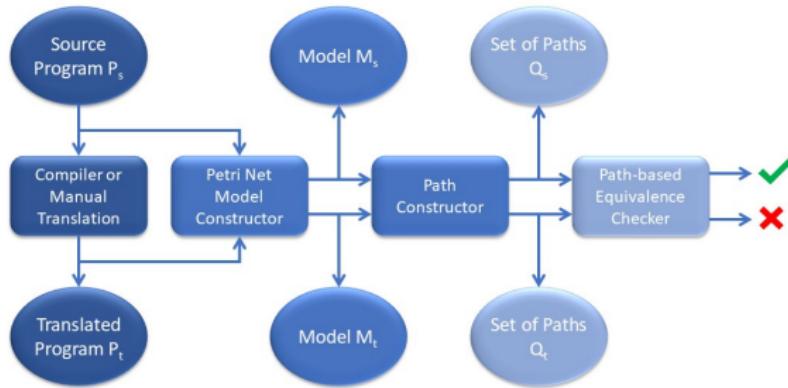


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  - Huge Model size
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  - Cannot handle loop involving Code Optimizing Transformations



# Problem definition



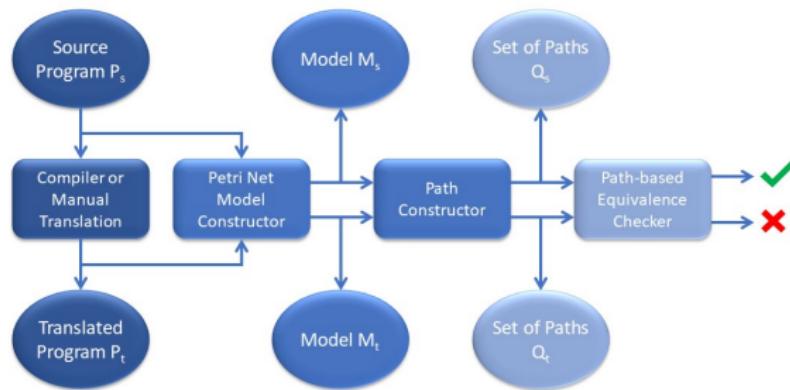
Tool: Prototype

- <https://github.com/raks0009/AOFL/blob/master/SamaTulyata.zip>
- SimPres

<https://www.ida.liu.se/labs/eslab/publications/pap/db/NC99.pdf>



# Problem definition



Tool: Prototype

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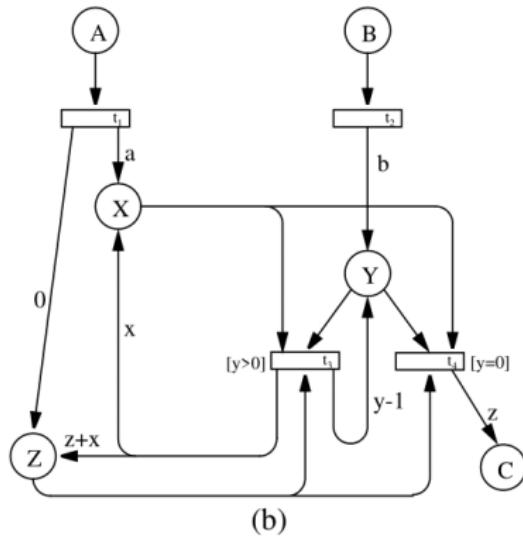


# Model Construction

```
int mult(int a,int b)
{
    int x,y,z;
    x=a;
    y=b;
    z=0;
    while (y>0) {
        z=z+x;
        y=y-1;
    }
    return z;
}

c=mult(a,b);
```

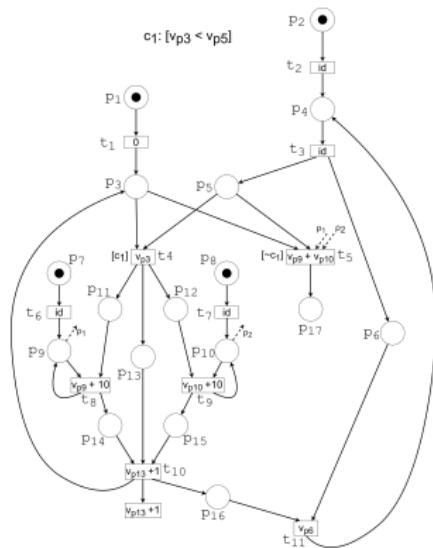
(a)



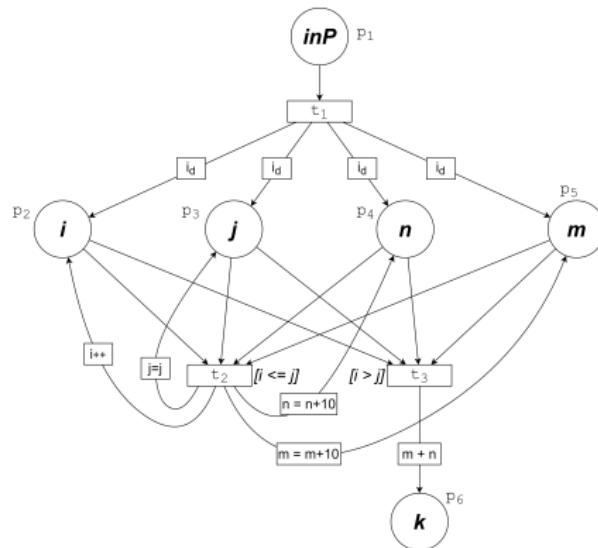
(b)



# New CPN Model



```
int i, j, k, n, m;  
while(i <=j){  
    m = m+10;  
    n = n+10;  
    i++;  
}  
k = m+n;
```

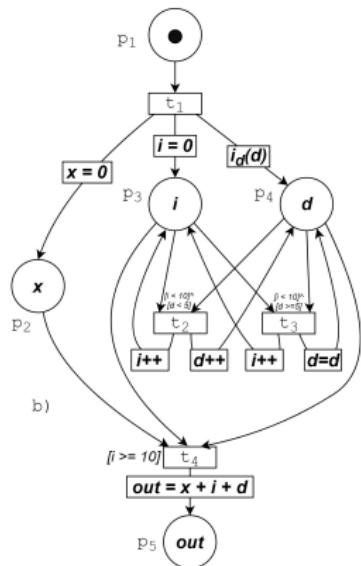


- Function is associated with every transition. (ATVA 2017)
- Function is associated with outgoing edges.



# Loop involving code optimizing transformation

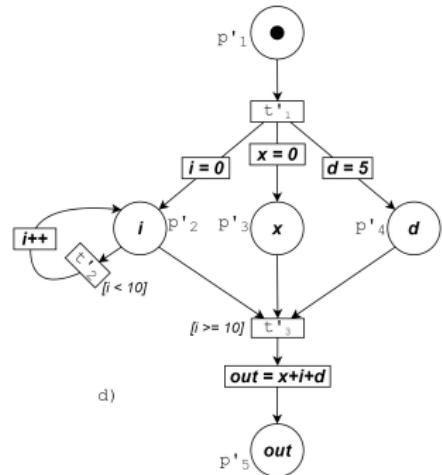
```
int i = 0;  
int x = 0;  
int d;  
while (i<10)  
{while (d < 5)  
{d++;}  
i++;}  
out = x + i + d;
```



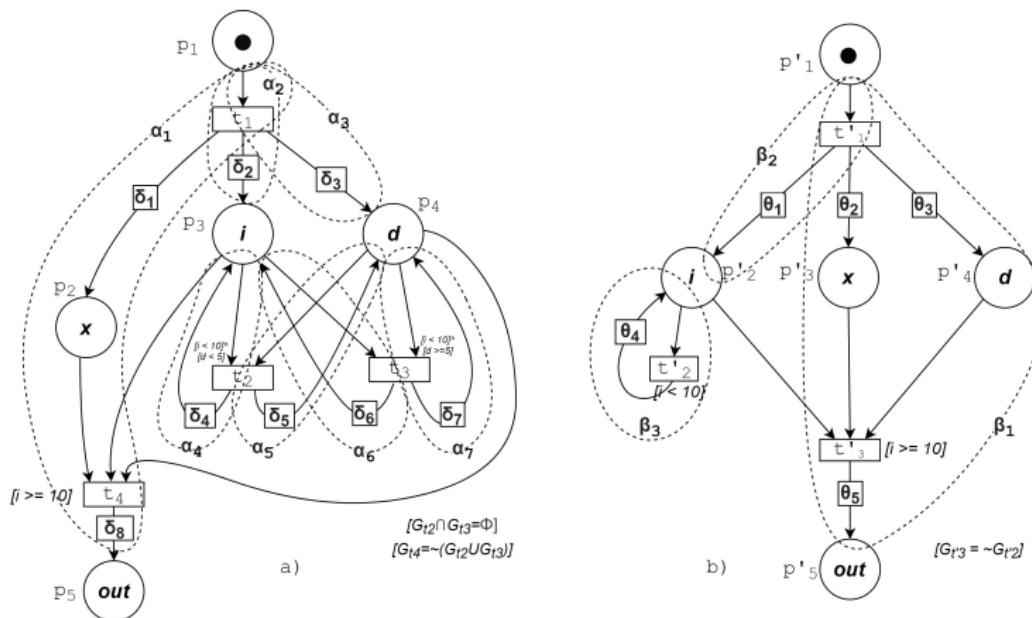
a)

```
int i' = 0;  
int x' = 0;  
int d' = 5;  
while (i'<10)  
{i'++;}  
out' = x'+i'+d';
```

c)



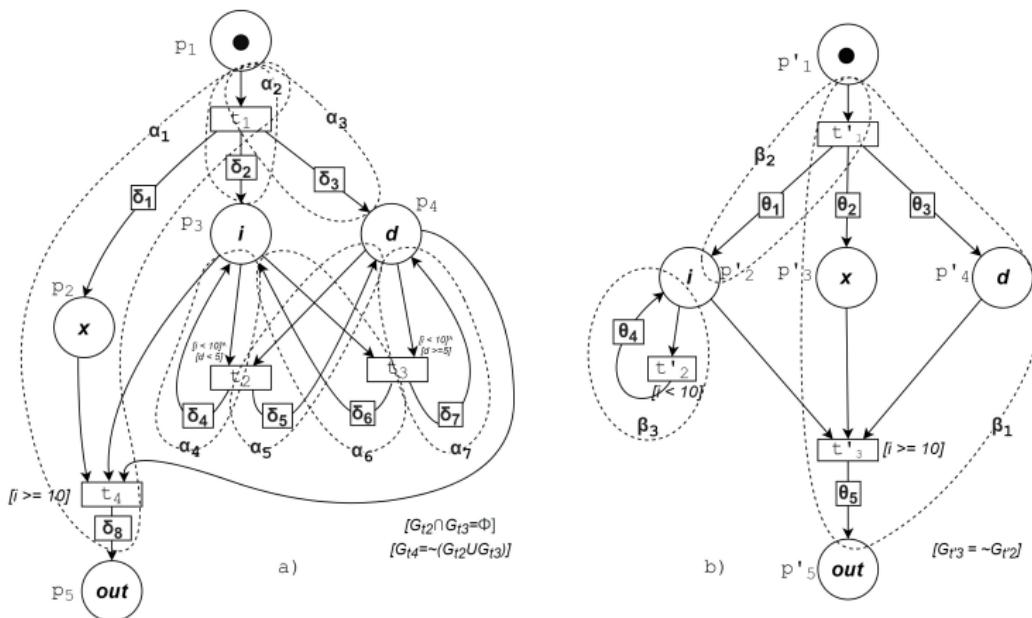
# Path Based Equivalence Checking Method



- $\mu_{p_5} = \langle \{t_1\}, \{t_2\}^n, \{t_3\}^m, \{t_4\} \rangle$
- $\mu_{p_5} = \langle \{\delta_1, \delta_2, \delta_3\}, \{\delta_4, \delta_5\}^n, \{\delta_6, \delta_7\}^m, \delta_8 \rangle$
- $\mu_{p_5}^r = \langle \rangle$



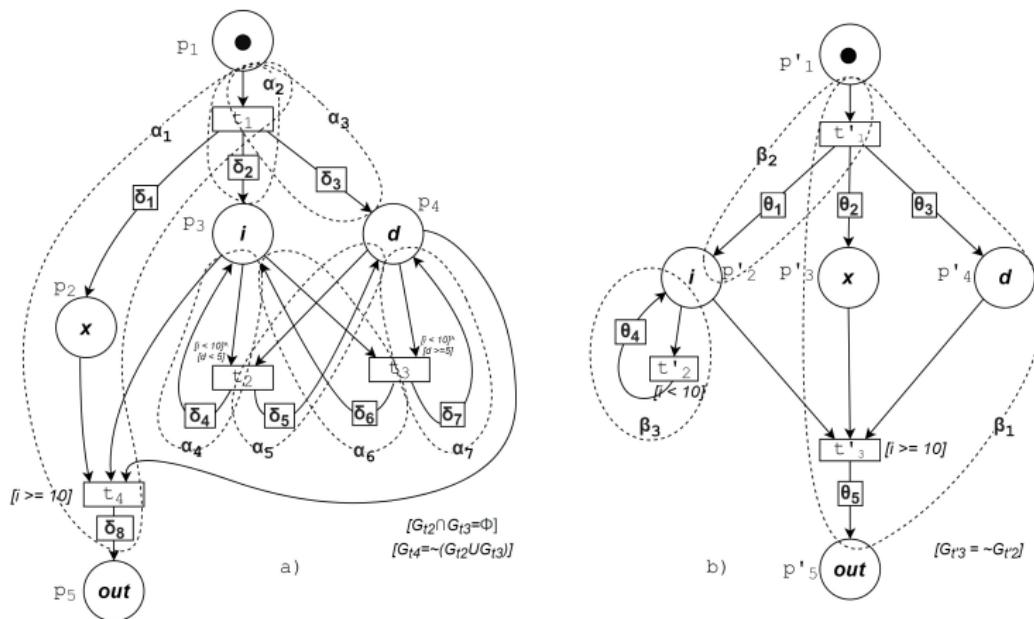
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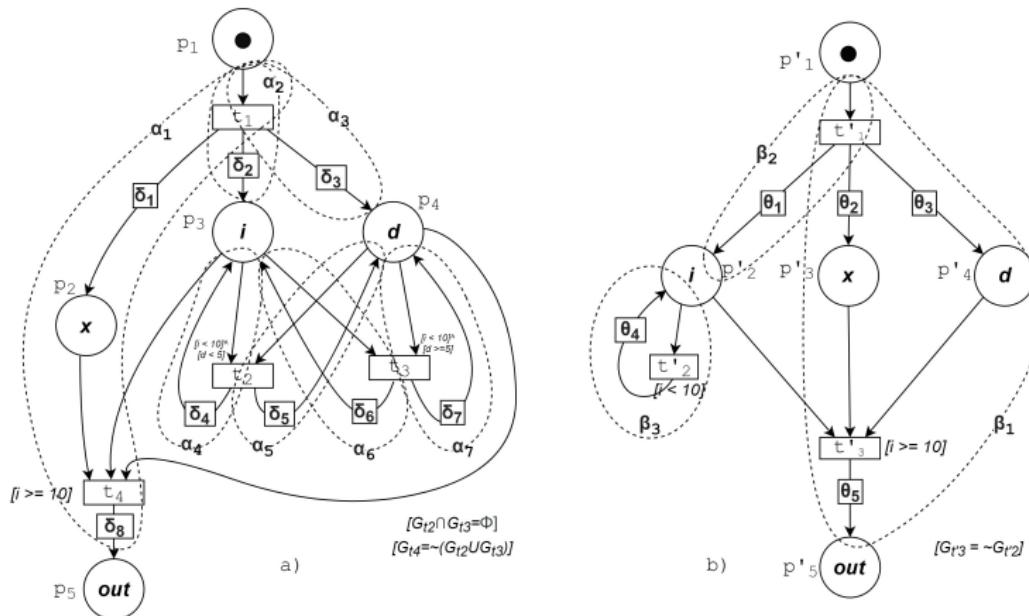
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- $\mu_{p_5}^r = \langle \rangle$

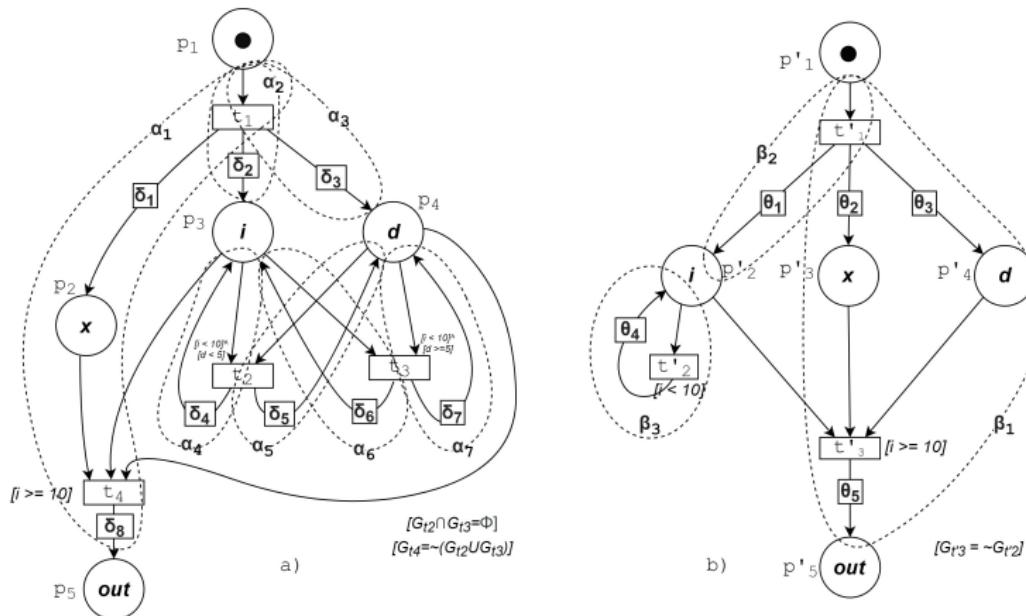


# Path Based Equivalence Checking Method



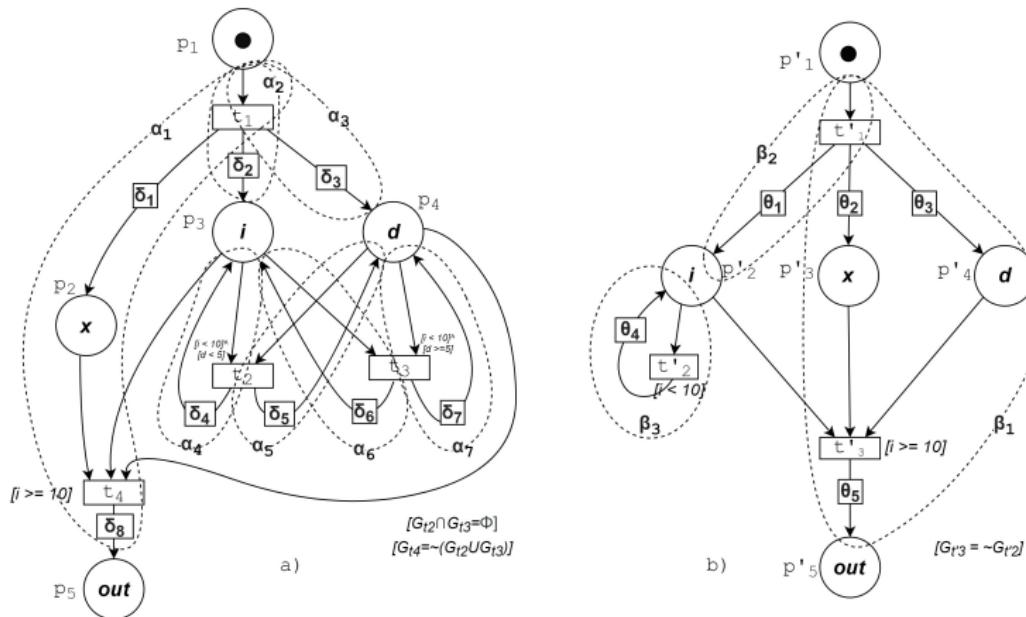
- $\mu_{p_5} = \langle \{\delta_2, \delta_3\}, \{\delta_4, \delta_5\}^n, \{\delta_6, \delta_7\}^m \rangle$
- $\mu_{p_5}^r = \langle \alpha_1 \rangle$

# Path Based Equivalence Checking Method



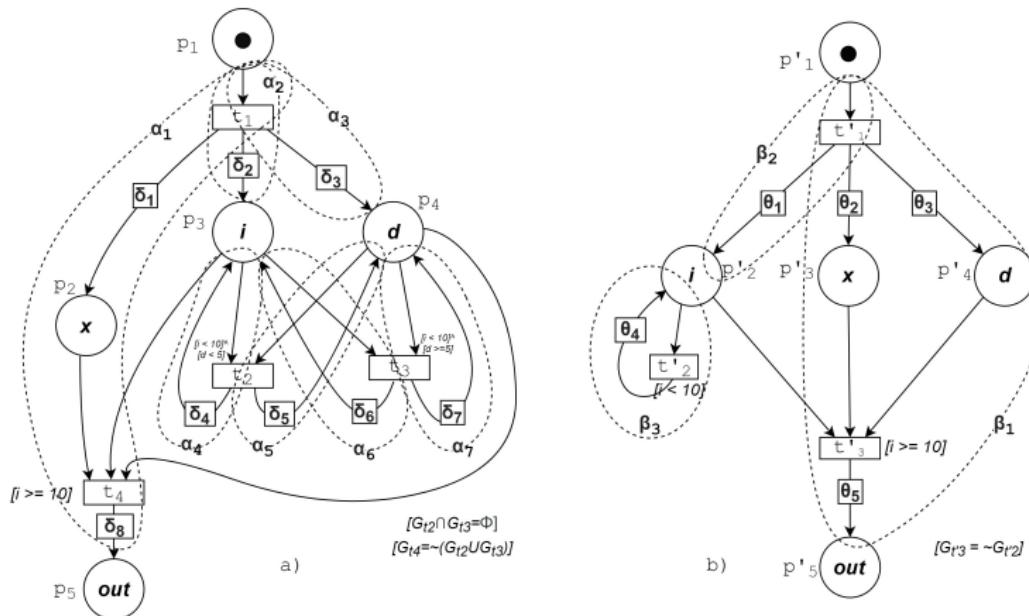
- $\mu_{p_5} = \langle \{\delta_2, \delta_3\}, \{\delta_4, \delta_5\}^n, \{\delta_6, \delta_7\}^m \rangle$
- $\mu_{p_5}^r = \langle \alpha_1 \rangle$ .

# Path Based Equivalence Checking Method



- $\mu_{p_5} = \langle \{\delta_2, \delta_3\}, \{\delta_4, \delta_5\}^n \rangle$
- $\mu_{p_5}^r = \langle \{\alpha_6 \parallel \alpha_7\}^m \cdot \alpha_1 \rangle$ .

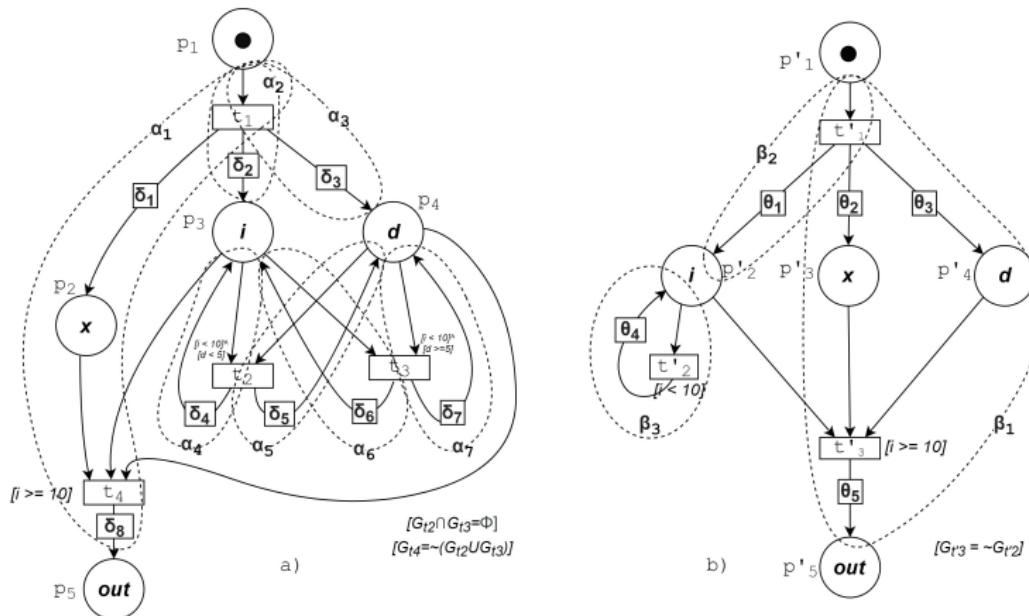
# Validity of Path Based Equivalence Checking Method



- $\mu_{p_5} = \langle \{\delta_2, \delta_3\} \rangle$
- $\mu_{p_5}^r = \langle \{\alpha_4 \parallel \alpha_5\}^n \cdot \{\alpha_6 \parallel \alpha_7\}^m \cdot \alpha_1 \rangle$ .

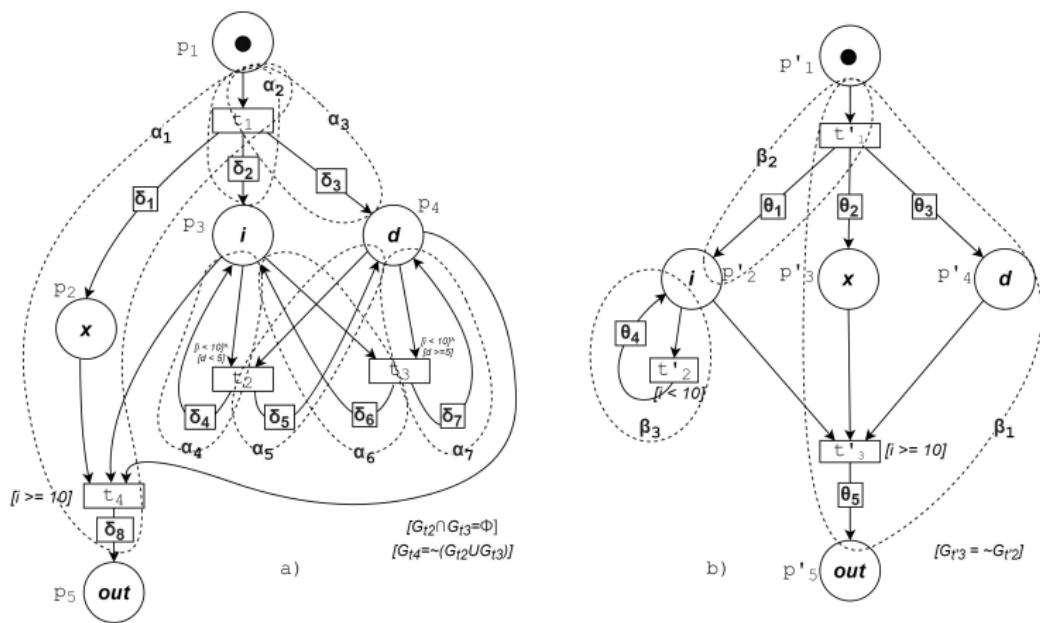


# Validity of Path Based Equivalence Checking Method



- $\mu_{p_5} = \langle \rangle$
- $\mu_{p_5}^r = \langle \{\alpha_2 \parallel \alpha_3\}. \{\alpha_4 \parallel \alpha_5\}^n. \{\alpha_6 \parallel \alpha_7\}^m. \alpha_1 \rangle.$

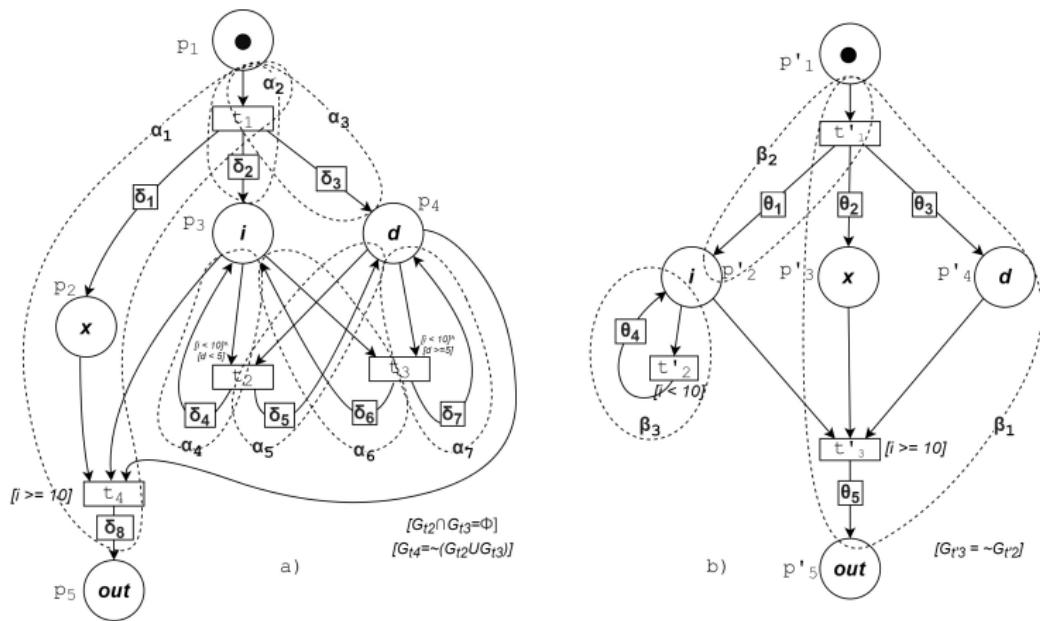
# Equivalence Checking Method



- $\alpha_2 \cong \beta_2$
- $(\alpha_1 \parallel (\alpha_3 \cdot (\alpha_5 \parallel \alpha_7))) \cong \beta_1$  [Path extension]
- $(\alpha_4 \parallel \alpha_6) \cong \beta_3$  [Path merging]



# Equivalence Checking Method



- $\alpha_2 \cong \beta_2$
- $(\alpha_1 \parallel (\alpha_3 \cdot (\alpha_5 \parallel \alpha_7))) \cong \beta_1$  [Path extension]
- $(\alpha_4 \parallel \alpha_6) \cong \beta_3$  [Path merging]



# Result Section

Average Model Size Comparison  
b/w SamaTulyata and SamaTulyataII



# Class of Supported Transformations and Limitations

## Code optimizing transformations

- Uniform and non-uniform code transformations
- code motion across loop and loop swapping

## Parallelizing transformations:

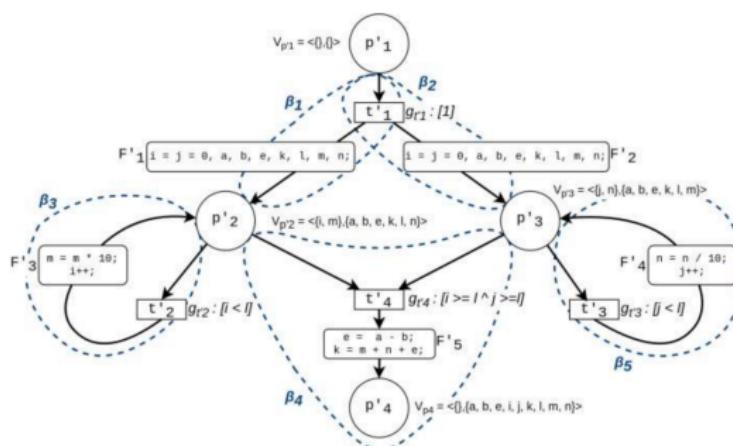
- Several thread level parallelizing transformations such as loop interchanging, loop splitting and merging, data locality etc.

## Limitations:

- Loop-shifting [CAV 2008], software pipelining based transformations.
- Several code motions for array handling programs.
- Several loop transformations for any array handling programs.
- Equivalence checker is not proved complete with respect to these transformation.

# Future scope

## New iteration of Petri Net model



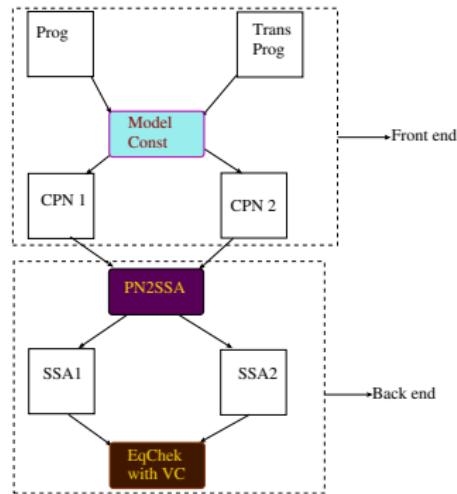
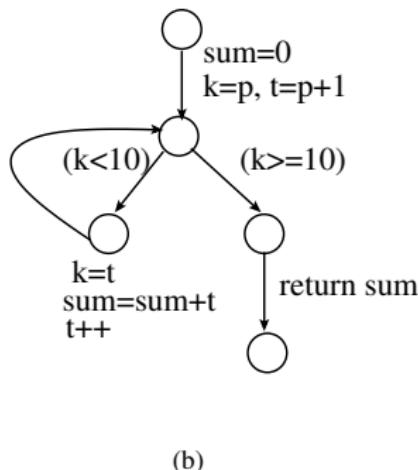
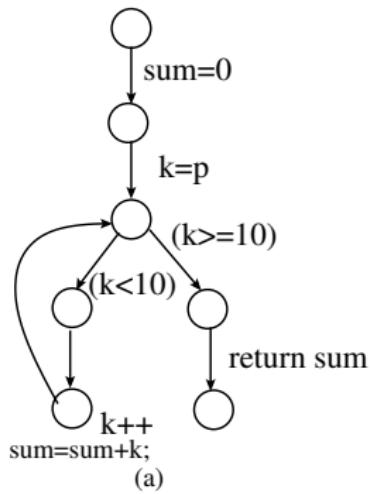
```
int i = j = 0,a,b,e,k,l,m,n;
scanf("%f,%f,%f,%f,%f",
      &a,&b,&l,&m,&n);

#parbegin scop
while( i < l ) {
    m = m * 10;
    i++;
}
||
while( j < l ) {
    n = n / 10;
    j++;
}
#parend scop

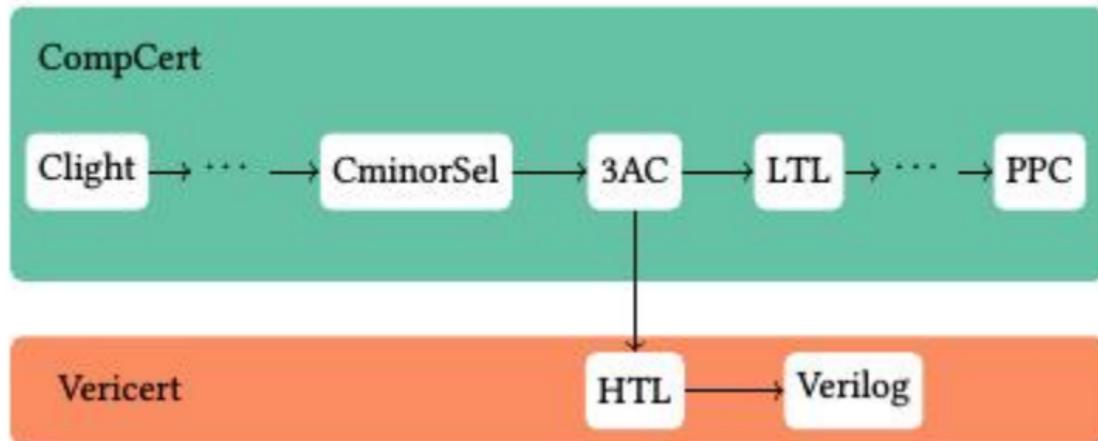
e = a - b;
k = m + n + e;
```



# Future scope



## Future scope



[https://yannherklotz.com/docs/drafts/formal\\_hls.pdf](https://yannherklotz.com/docs/drafts/formal_hls.pdf)



# Future scope

- ① Use of equivalence checker for automated evaluation in CS1.<sup>3</sup>

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<sup>3</sup><https://github.com/soumyadipcsis/autoval>



# Thank You !!!

