

A Survey of Federative Approaches for Model Management in MBSE

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Background

Information Systems

*“... feel the need to build Model Management systems, emerging from the **central use of data and decision models**, which both need **dedicated tools** and **workflows** to extract valuable information efficiently ...”*

Robert Blanning. 2003. Encyclopedia of Information Systems.
Academic Press

Business Processes

*discussed the same need, although naturally more oriented towards “dynamic” models representing processes, decisions, analyses, etc., and emphasising the crucial need for **collaboration***

Fred A. Cummins. 2016. Building the Agile Enterprise, With Capabilities, Collaborations and Values

Databases

*“Model Management comprises technologies and mechanisms to support the **integration, transformation, evolution, and matching of models**”*

*“a Model Management System (MMS) has to provide definitions for **models** [...], **mappings** (i.e. relationships between different models), and **operators** (i.e. operations that manipulate models and mappings)”*

Philip A. Bernstein. 2003. Applying Model Management to Classical Meta Data Problems. In Conference on Innovative Data Systems Research

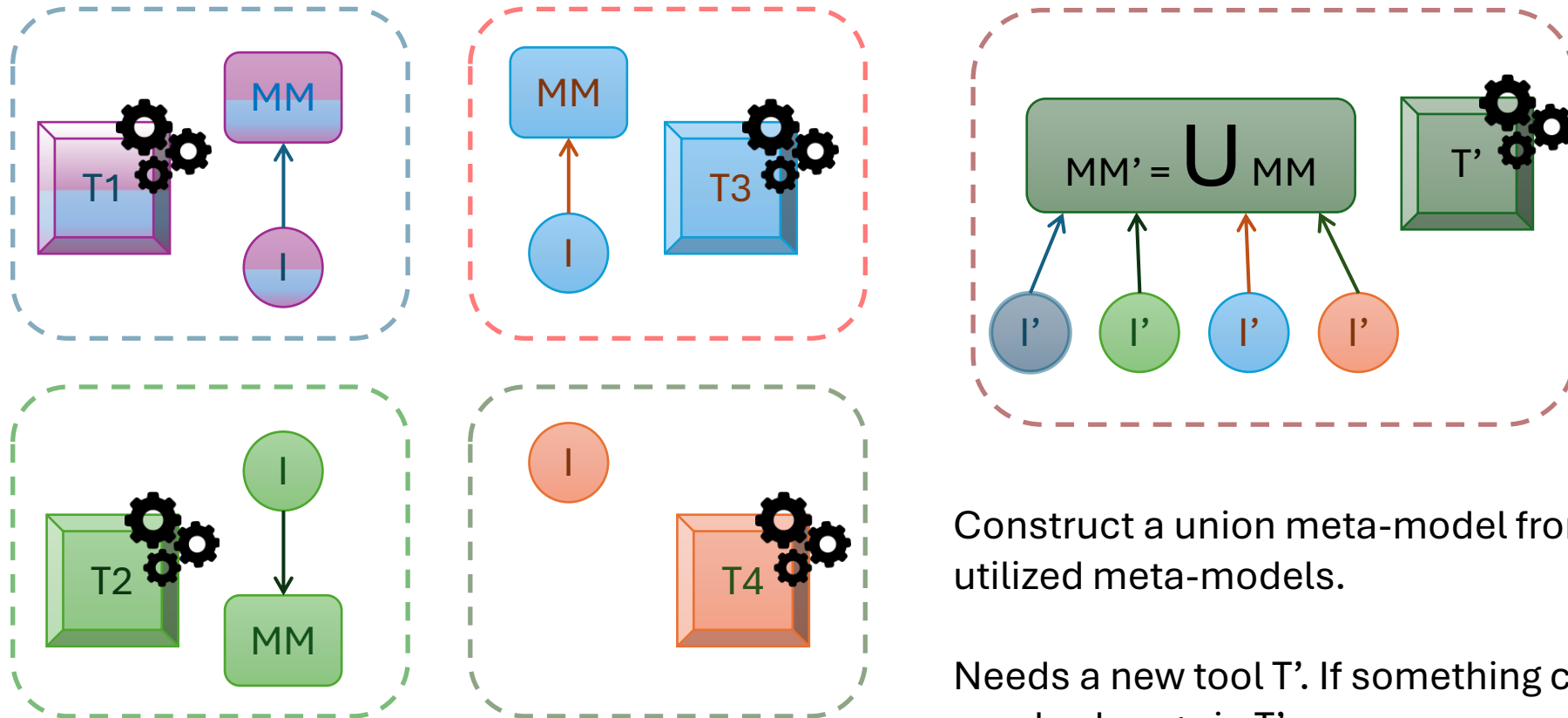
Background

Model-Driven Engineering

*models may represent a physical or computational reality with different scales of **fidelity**, and are consequently, often updated along real-life **evolutions**. In turn, engineers (or other models) may query these models, and **collaboratively** perform **operations** and analyses on the repository.*

Yentl Van Tendeloo and Hans Vangheluwe. 2017. The Modelverse: A tool for Multi-Paradigm Modelling and simulation. In Winter Simulation Conference

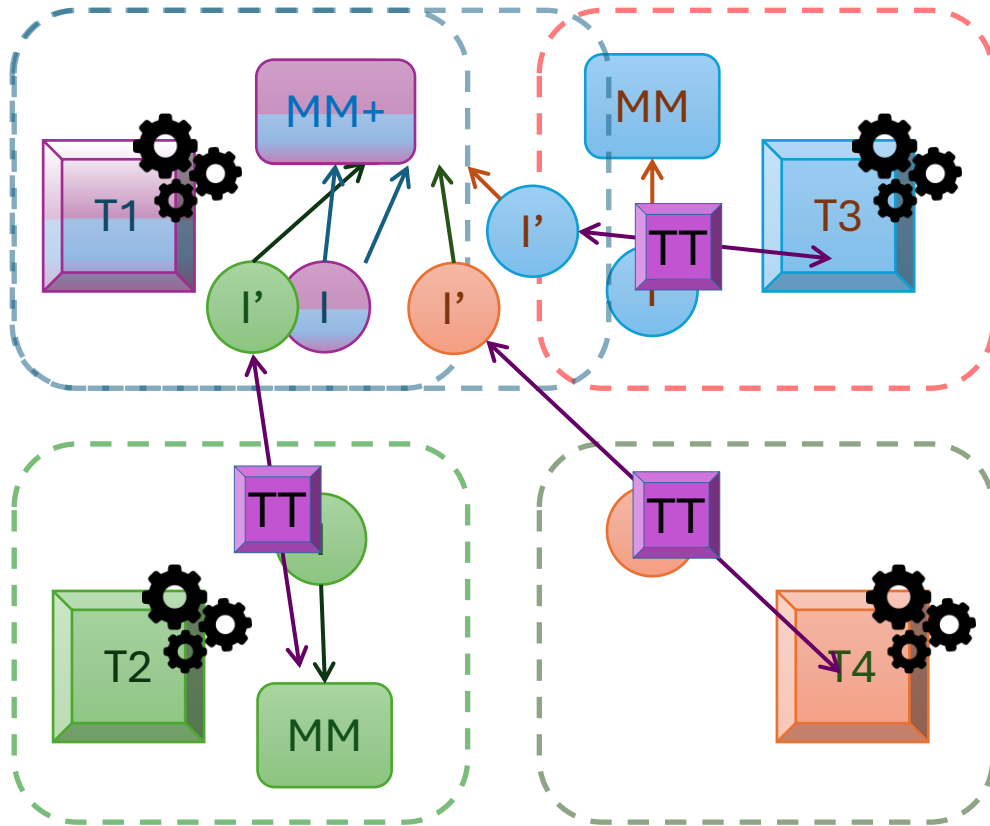
Model Integration



Construct a union meta-model from all the utilized meta-models.

Needs a new tool T' . If something changes, needs change in T'

Model Unification

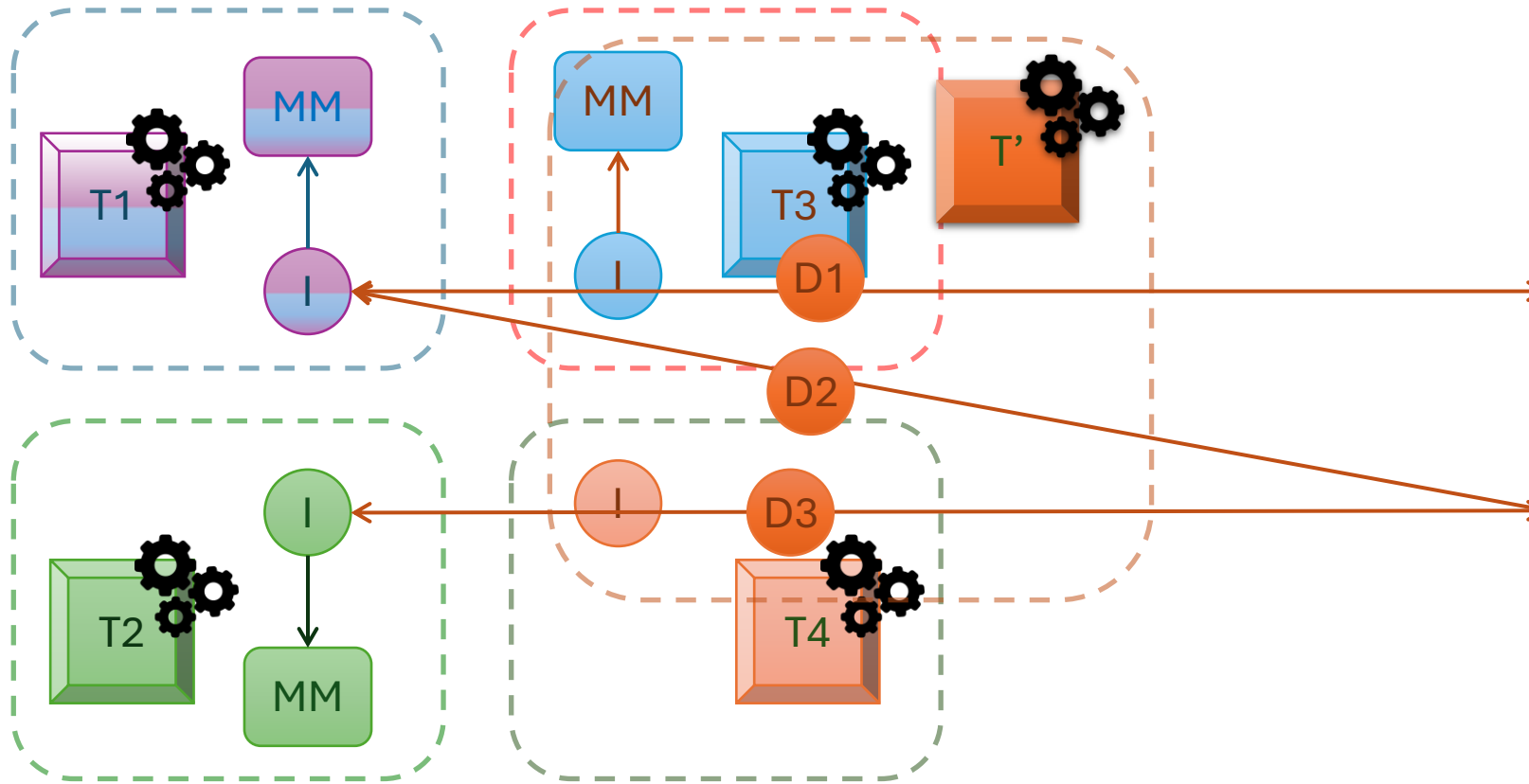


Choose one meta-model that becomes the pivot.

Needs transformations from all meta-models to this pivot.

How to choose pivot? Maybe meta-models cannot be related easily? Also lose information..

Model Federation



Identify and reify all the links.

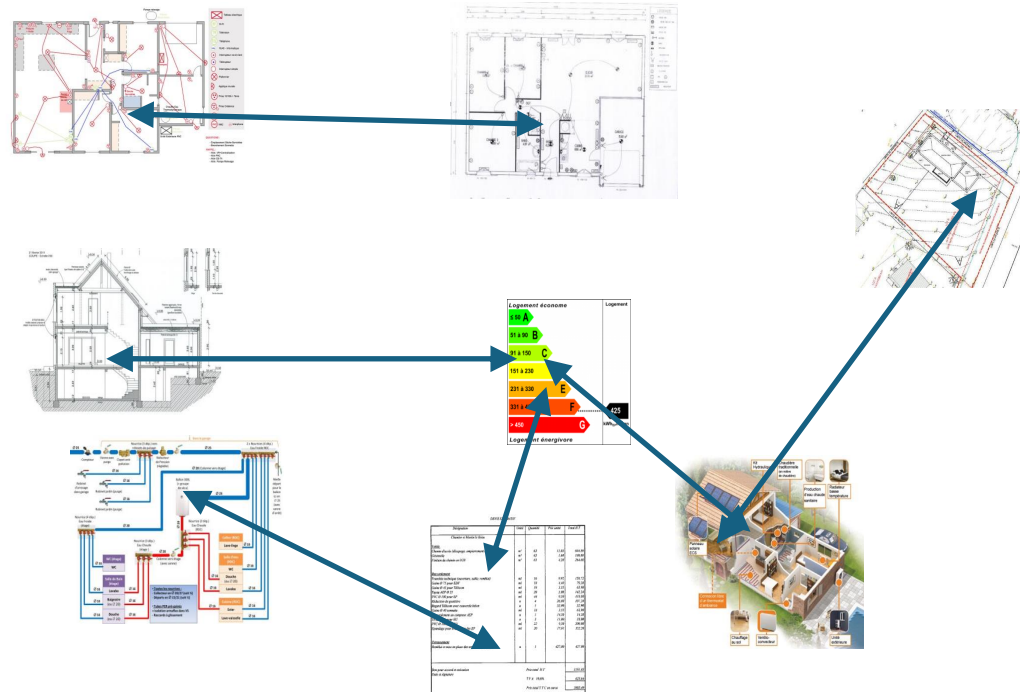
Needs a dedicated tool to handle all these links.

Contributions

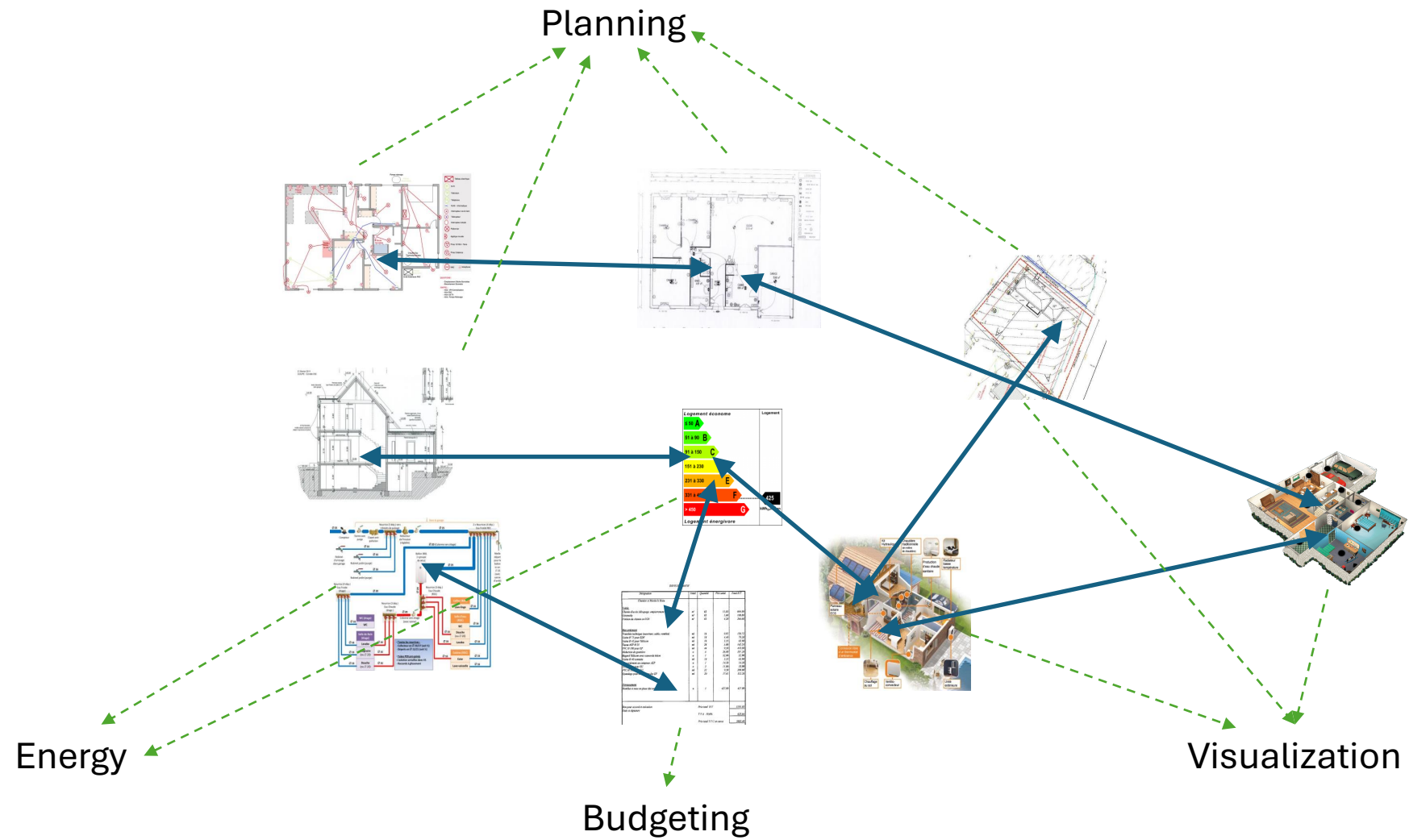
- Feature Model of Model Federation
- Preliminary Classification of literature
- Available open-source in a Zenodo repo

DOI [10.5281/zenodo.13315572](https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.13315572)

Model Federation - Structure

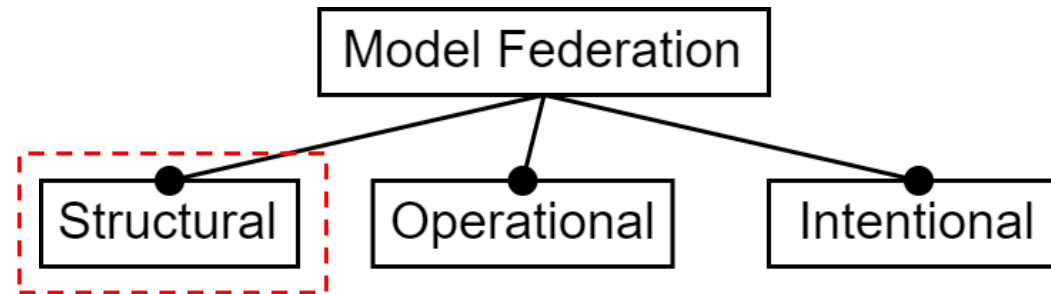


Model Federation - Intention



Classification / Feature Model

A Model Federation (MF) can be seen as a graph of links connecting artefacts.

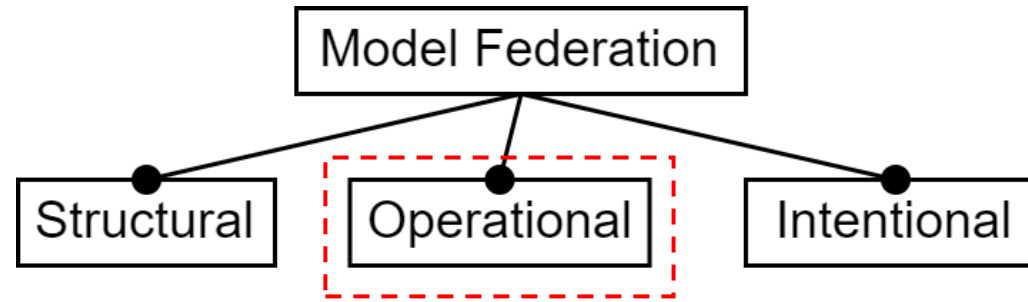


- the nature of vertices
- how edges are organised
- what they represent

Directly inspired from Sylvain Guerin. 2023. FML: A Model Federation Language For Semantic Interoperability of Heterogeneous Information Sources. Ph. D. Dissertation. École Nationale Supérieure de Techniques Avancées Bretagne

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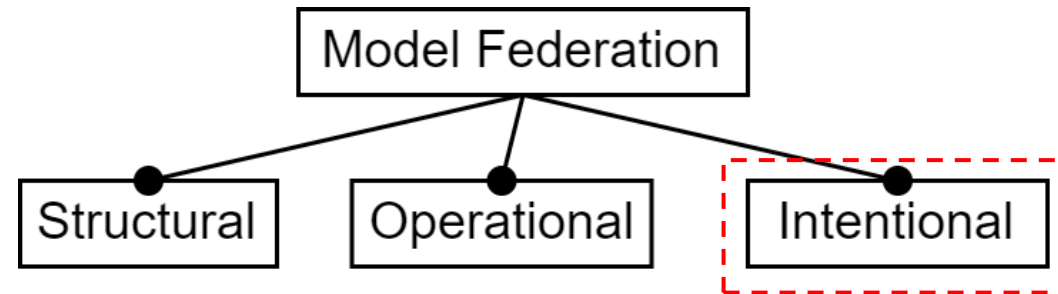


- the possible processes and operations,
- explicitly or implicitly defined
- how they compare with each other

Directly inspired from Sylvain Guerin. 2023. FML: A Model Federation Language For Semantic Interoperability of Heterogeneous Information Sources. Ph. D. Dissertation. École Nationale Supérieure de Techniques Avancées Bretagne

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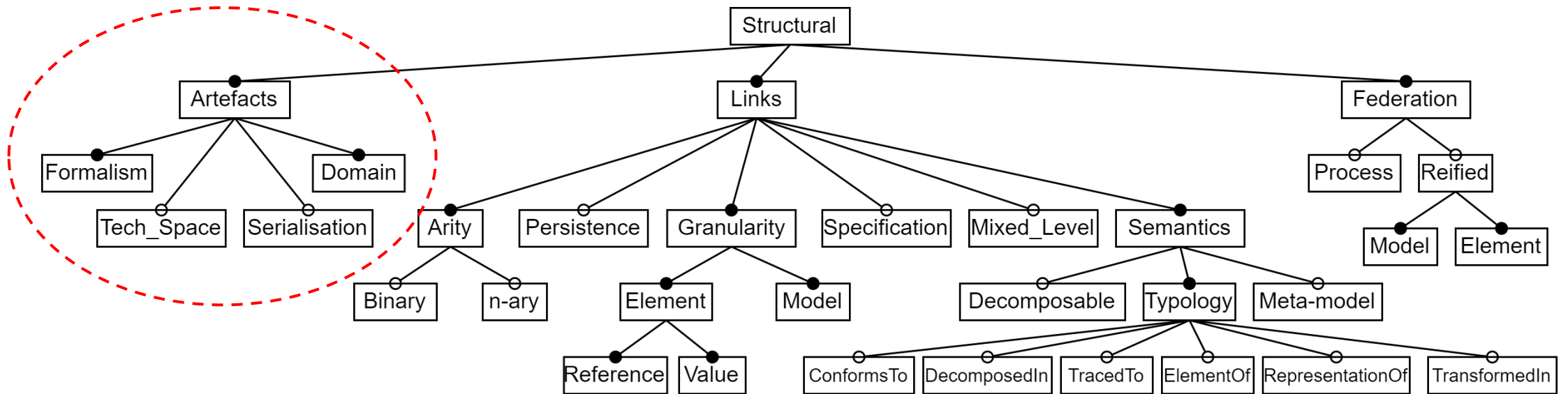


- the goals or purposes of creating the MF

Directly inspired from Sylvain Guerin. 2023. FML: A Model Federation Language For Semantic Interoperability of Heterogeneous Information Sources. Ph. D. Dissertation. École Nationale Supérieure de Techniques Avancées Bretagne

Structural Features

Federation is structurally a graph

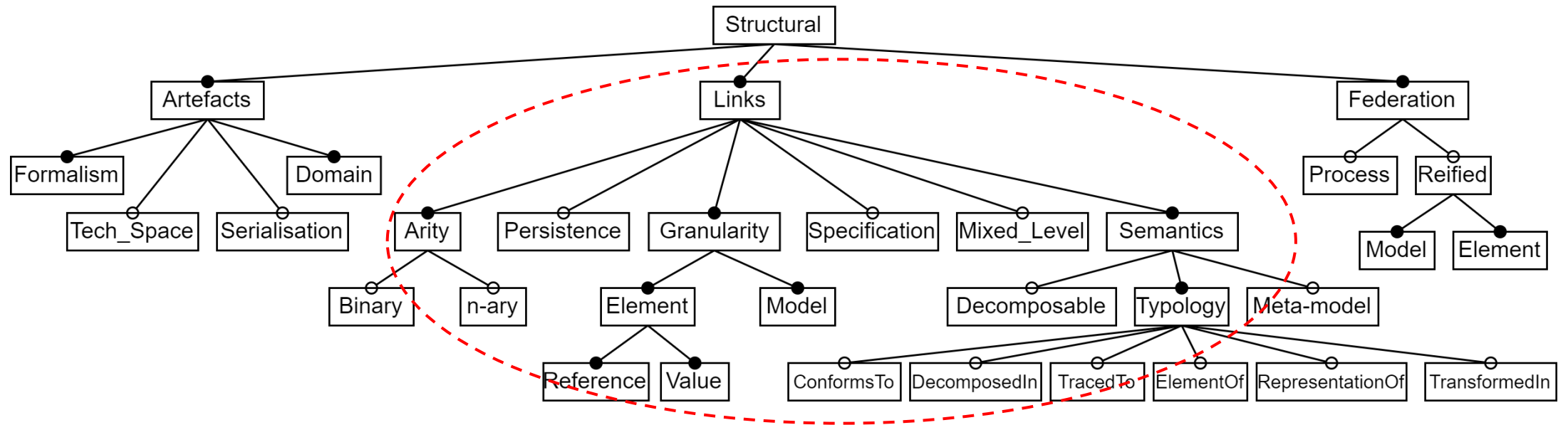


Structural Features - Artefacts

- Formalism: Most are agnostic
- Domain: Most are agnostic
- Tech_Space: Most work with EMOF/EMF ;
except ModelVerse and DesignSpace (ad-hoc)
- Serialisation: Many use XMI/XML;
OpenFlexo is agnostic

Structural Features

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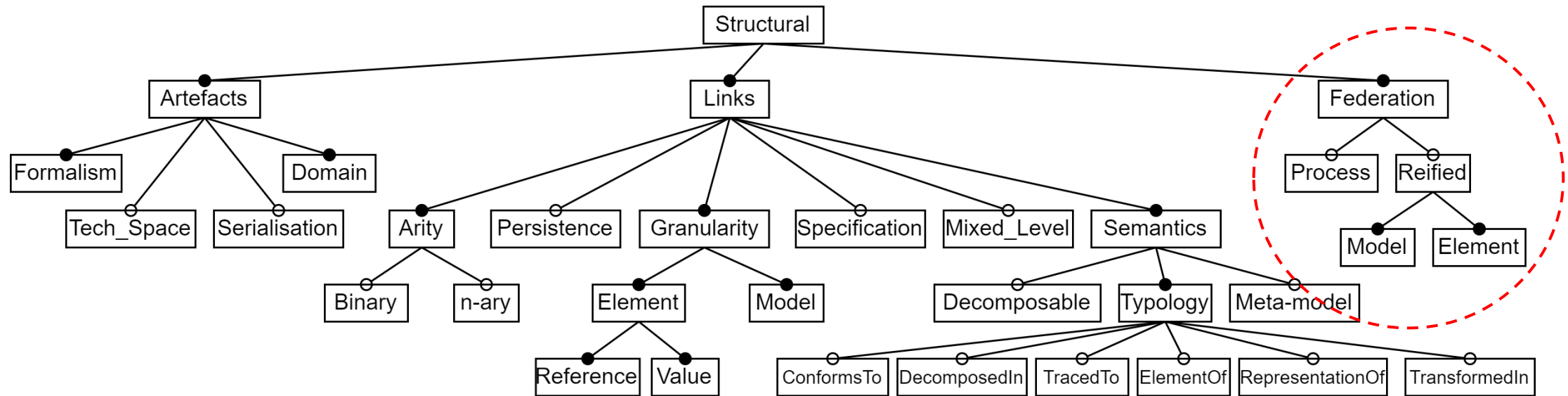


Structural Features - Links

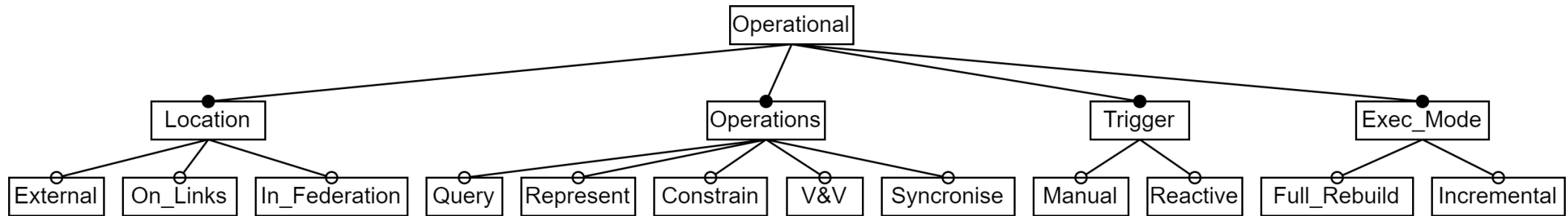
- Arity: Majority use binary links
- Granularity: Most allow fine-grained manipulation
- Semantics: Not always explicitly stated
 - Most explicitly meta-modelled
 - Most use decomposable links
- Persistence: Most persist links
 - Some only persist specification

Structural Features

Federation is structurally a graph

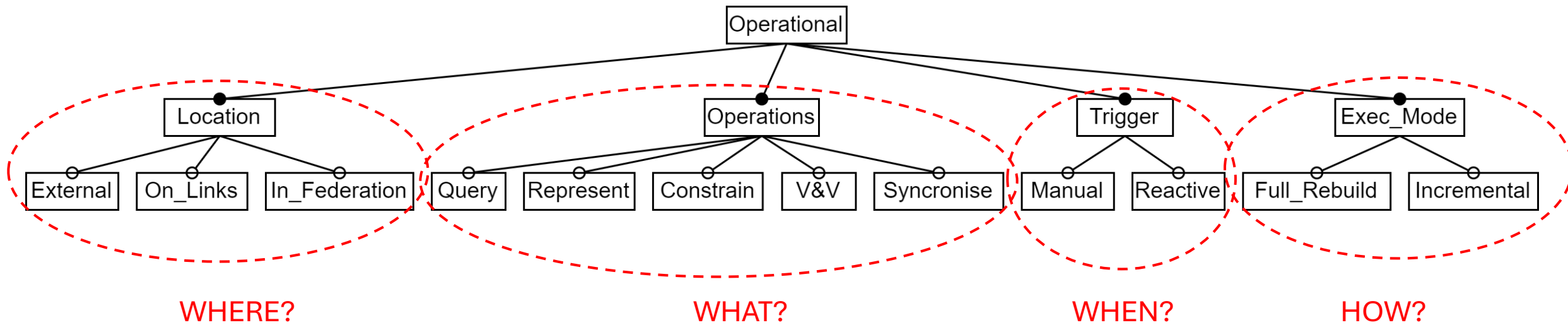


Operational Features



- An MF is only useful when it enables execution of Operations and (complex) processes on it.
- Usually, an MF tool, is not responsible for creating, deleting, or updating the Artefacts; each Artefact has dedicated domain-specific tooling for that purpose.
- The MF tool is however responsible for creating, deleting, and updating the Links

Operational Features



Operational Features

Difficult to extract from papers.

- How: Most performed with classical MDE transformations or GPLs
- What: Most for synchronisation, consistency check, trace-ability
- Location: Most on Links or External
- Trigger: Few allow manual and reactive
- Exec_Mode: Clear tendency towards Incremental

Intentional Features

- Traceability
- Unified Transformation Management
- Model consistency, checking and repair
- Model Composition
- Cross-domain analysis
- Artefact co-design
- Model edition
- Conceptual elicitation / reverse engineering

Intentional Features

- Most are generic
- Major focus on Trace-ability
- Many on consistency checking
- Cross-domain analysis usually coupled with other intentions
- Co-design poorly represented

Gaps

- Model-versioning
- Access Control
- Authoritative Source of Truth
- Model validity !!!
- Digital-Twin / Run-time model substitution

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Conclusion and Future Work

Not a systematic study ; to be improved in a future study

Designing a benchmark

What features do you think are missing?

Any relevant comments?

Future work: extended (systematic) study beyond federation

Not just reading papers, but testing tools

Is your federation approach/tool not mentioned in the paper? Sorry ... please speak up

Thanks! Questions? Contact.

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Paper:

<https://doi.org/10.1145/3652620.3688221>

Artefact:

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